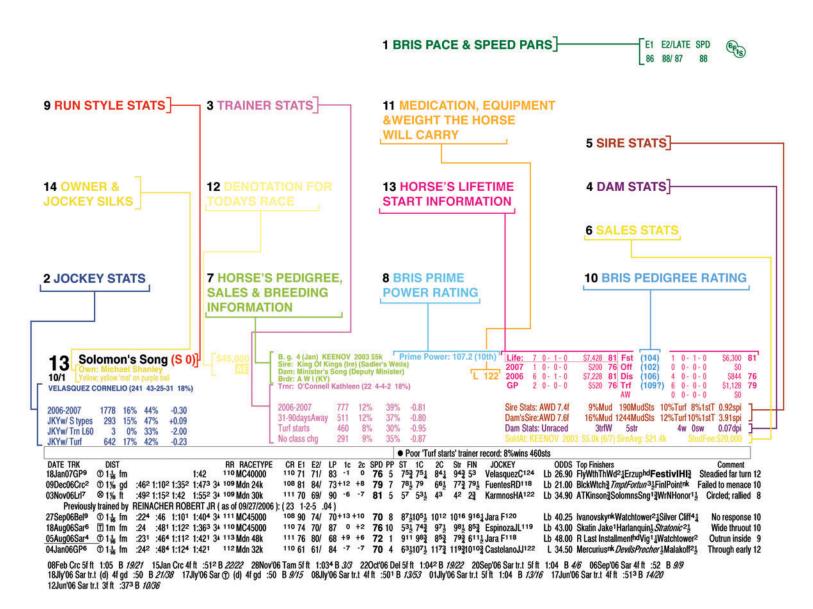


ULTIMATE PPS WITH COMMENTS EXPLANATION Pt. 1



ULTIMATE PPs with COMMENTS EXPLANATION Part 1

1) Bris Pace and Speed Pars: The average pace and speed ratings for the leader/winner of races at today's class level and distance.

2) Jockey Stats: Provides information on:

- a) The jockey's record for the meet (number of mounts, winners, second place finishers, third place finishers, and win percentage).
- b) The jockey's record for the year (number of mounts, percentage of winners, percentage of in-the-money finishes, and ROI or return on investment for every \$2.00 wagered).
- c) The jockey's record with horses of this run style (number of mounts, percentage of winners, percentage of in the money finishes, and ROI or return on investment for every \$2.00 wagered).
- d) The jockey's record with the trainer in the **L60** or last sixty days (number of mounts, percentage of winners, percentage of in the money finishes, and return on investment for every \$2.00 wagered).
- e) The jockey's record at today's distance or surface (number of mounts, percentage of winners, percentage of in the money finishes, and return on investment for every \$2.00 wagered).

3) Trainer Stats: Provides information on:

- a) The trainer's record for the meet (number of starts, winners, second place finishers, third place finishers, and win percentage).
- b) The trainer's record for the year (number of starts, percentage of winners, percentage of in the money finishes, and ROI or return on investment for every \$2.00 wagered).
- c) The trainer's record with race angles that pertain to today's race (Number of starts, percentage of winners, percentage of in the money finishes, and ROI of return on investment for every \$2.00 wagered). The statistics in this category cover the last three years.

4) Dam Stats: Provides information on:

- a) The dam's best racing accomplishment (Two-year old and maiden races only).
- b) The percentage of the dam's two-year-old starters which won at least one race (Two-year old and maiden races only)
- c) The number of starters the dam has produced (Two-year old and maiden races only).
- d) The number of starters to win at least one race on any surface dirt or turf (Two-year old, maiden, and turf races only).
- e) The number of starters to win at least one turf race (turf races only).
- f) The number of stakes winners the dam has produced (Two-year old, maiden, and turf races only).
- g) The Dams Production Index (**dpi**) which compares the earnings of this dam's produce with the average earnings of the produce of all North American broodmares. The average is established as 1.00 so, if a dam's dpi is 2.00 this means that her produce average earnings are twice the national average (Two-year old, maiden, and turf races only).

5) Sire Stats: Provides information on:

- a) AWD or average winning distance of sire's and dam sire's offspring.
- b) Mud win percentage of sire's and dam sire's offspring.
- c) Number of mud starts by sire's and dam sire's offspring.
- d) Turf win percentage of sire's and dam sire's offspring (turf races only).
- e) First time starter win percentage of sire's and dam sire's offspring (2yo and maiden races only).
- f) Win percentage of sire's and dam sire's offspring in first turf start (turf races only).
- g) The Sire Production Index (**spi**) which compares the earnings of this sire's and broodmare sire's offspring with the average earnings of the offspring of all North American sires. The average is established as 1.00 so, if a sire's spi is 2.00 this means that his offspring average earnings are twice the national average.

6) Sales Stats: Provides information on:

- a) What sale the horse sold at and in what year.
- b) The price the horse sold for.
- c) The horse's ranking in the context of all sire's offspring sold at public auction that year. As an example, if a filly or colt has a ranking of (13/23) that means that there were 23 horses that sold by this horse's sire and she or he brought the 13th best price of the 23.
- d) The average sales price of offspring by this horse's sire.
- e) The stud fee of the sire at the time this horse was bred.

- 7) Horse's Pedigree, Sales & Breeding Information: Provides information on:
 - a) The color of the horse.

B. = bay **Ch.** = chestnut **Dkbbr.** = dark bay or brown

Gr/ro. = gray or roan Bl. = black Wh. = white

b) The sex of the horse.

 $\mathbf{c} = \text{colt} \quad \mathbf{f} = \text{filly } \mathbf{h} = \text{horse}$

 $\mathbf{m} = \text{mare}$ $\mathbf{g} = \text{gelding}$ $\mathbf{r} = \text{ridgeling}$

- c) The age of the horse.
- d) Month of birth (Two-year old and maidens only).
- e) The sale at which the horse sold, the year of the sale, and sales price.
- f) The sire, (the sire's sire) and current stud fee.
- g) The dam and (the dam's sire).
- h) The breeder and the state or country in which the horse was bred.
- 8) Bris Prime Power Rating: A number that measures the quality of each horse's most recent starts by combining dozens of handicapping factors into one easy-to-use rating. Speed, class, pace, form, weight, distance, and many more factors are combined by a sophisticated algorithm to form this rating. The horse's ranking in this race appears in parenthesis. For more information on Prime Power, refer to the article "PRIME POWER USING OUR BEST RATING" found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.
- 9) Run Style Stats: Provides information on:
 - a) The running style of the horse:
 - **E** (**Early**) = A horse that exhibits this run style is one that typically vies for the early lead or whose best races are run on the lead. Most horses in this category do not successfully rate behind a pace setter.
 - **E/P** (**Early/Presser**) = A horse that exhibits this run style is one that runs second or third within a few lengths of the lead early before trying to run down the leader. An "E/P" horse, just like an "E" horse, may run on the front end but, unlike an "E" horse, it can be expected to successfully rate behind a pace setter.
 - **P** (**Presser**) = A horse that exhibits this run style is one that runs in the middle-of-the-pack early before trying to run down the leader. A "P" horse may at times run close to the lead but rarely, if ever, challenges for the lead early. Unlike and "S" horse, the "P" horse doesn't typically run from the rear of the pack in its better races.
 - **S** (**Sustain or Closer**) = A horse that exhibits this run style is one that runs in the back of the pack early before trying to run down the leader.
 - **NA** (**Not Available**) = A horse that is a first time starter or who hasn't had enough meaningful running lines to accurately assess the horse's preferred run style.
 - b) Early speed points. The numbers range from 0-8 and measure the Early Speed ability of the horse based on its running position and beaten lengths at the first call of recent races. The higher the number, the more early speed a horse has shown in recent races.

10) Bris Pedigree Ratings

- a) The **Fast** Pedigree rating measures the quality and suitability of the horse's breeding for races run on the dirt.
- b) The **Off** Pedigree rating measures the quality and suitability of the horse's breeding for races run over a wet dirt surface.
- c) The **Distance** Pedigree rating measures the quality and suitability of the horse's breeding for races run at today's distance.
- d) The **Turf** Pedigree rating measures the quality and suitability of the horse's breeding for races run on the turf.

For more information, please refer to the article "BRIS PEDIGREE RATINGS F.A.Q." found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.

- 11) Medication, Equipment, and the Weight the Horse Will Carry: Provides information on:
 - a) Medication the horse will be using today. L = Lasix, $\blacksquare = First Lasix$, B = Bute
 - b) Whether or not the horse will be adding or taking off blinkers today. **ON** = blinkers on, **OFF** = blinkers off.
 - c) The amount of weight, including the jockey, which the horse will be carrying for this race. If today's jockey is an apprentice, a smaller number will appear immediately to the right of the weight. This is the number of pounds that the jockey gets as a weight allowance for being an apprentice.
- 12) Denotations for Today's Race: Tells if a horse is:
 - a) **AE** = Also Eligible for today's race. This is seen when there are more horses entered than can actually start in the race. A horse that is also eligible can only draw into the race if there are scratches.
 - b) MTO = Main Track Only. This designation is seen only in turf races and means that the horse will run only if the race is moved to the main or dirt track.
 - c) In the event that the race is a claiming race, the claiming price of the horse.

13) Horse's Lifetime Start Information: Provides information on:

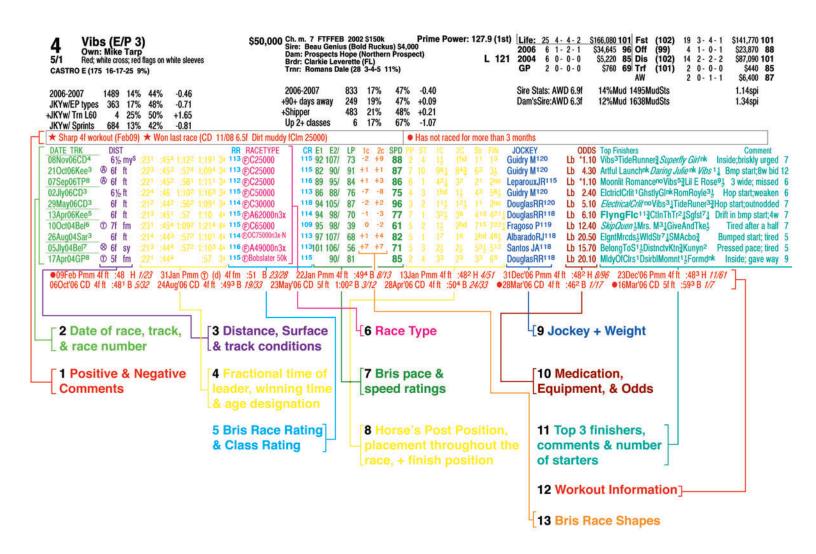
- a) **Life:** Horse's number of career starts, wins, second place finishes, third place finishes, career earnings, and lifetime best Bris speed rating.
- b) **Horse's Current Year Record:** Number of starts, wins, second place finishes, third place finishes, earnings for the year, and best Bris speed rating for the year.
- c) **Horse's Previous Year Record:** Number of starts, wins, second place finishes, third place finishes, earnings for the previous year, and best Bris speed rating for that year.
- d) **Horse's Career Record at Today's Track:** Number of starts, wins, second place finishes, third place finishes, earnings at this track, and best Bris speed rating earned at this track.
- e) **Fst:** Horse's career record over fast dirt tracks including number of starts, wins, second place finishes, third place finishes, earnings, and best Bris speed rating earned over fast dirt tracks.
- f) **Off:** Horse's career record over wet dirt tracks including number of starts, wins, second place finishes, third place finishes, earnings, and best Bris speed rating earned over wet dirt tracks.
- g) **Dis:** Horse's career record at today's distance including number of starts, wins, second place finishes, third place finishes, earnings, and best Bris speed rating at today's distance.
- h) **Trf:** Horse's career record on the turf including number of starts, wins, second place finishes, third place finishes, earnings, and best Bris speed rating on the turf.
- i) **AW:** Horse's career record on All Weather tracks, including number of starts, wins, second place finishes, third place finishes, earnings, and best Bris speed rating on an all weather track.

For More information on Bris speed ratings, please refer to the article "BRIS SPEED RATINGS F.A.Q." found in the Library of the Brisnet.com web site.

14) Owner & Jockey Silks: Provides information on who owns the horse as well as the color of the silks the jockey will be wearing in today's race.



ULTIMATE PPS WITH COMMENTS EXPLANATION Pt. 2



ULTIMATE PPs with COMMENTS EXPLANATION Part 2

- 1) **Positive and Negative Comments:** Positive comments for a horse will appear in the box on the left while negative comments will appear in the box on the right.
- 2) Date of Race, Track, and Race Number: The date, track, and race number for a horse's last 10 starts. For a list of corresponding track codes, refer to the "TRACK CODES AND REPORT AVAILABILITY" link found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.
- 3) Surface, Distance, and Track Condition: Provides information on:
 - a) The surface the race was run on.

The main dirt track has no designation.

- = inner dirt track
- \widehat{T} = main turf course
- |T| = inner turf course
- \bigotimes = a race that was originally scheduled for the turf but moved to the main track.
- \triangle = all weather track
- b) The distance the race was run. All races under a mile are measured in furlongs and designated with an "f". One furlong = one-eighth of a mile.
- c) Track condition denotes the condition of the track at the time the race was run.

- 4) Fractional Times of Leader, Final Time, and Age Designation: Provides information on:
 - a) The fractional time of the leader at various points in the race. For information on the corresponding distance of each fractional time, refer to the "POINTS OF CALL & FRACTIONAL TIMES CHART" found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.
 - b) The final time the race was run in will be the last of the series of times.
 - c) The age designation for the race: A race designated with 3¹ would be a race for three-year-olds and up. A race designated with 4¹ would be a race for four-year-olds and up. No designation means that the race was age specific.

5) Bris RR and CR Ratings:

- a) **RR** is the Bris Race Rating and measures the overall quality of horses which competed in a race: the higher the number, the tougher the competition. For more information, please refer to "THE BRIS RACE AND CLASS RATING F.A.Q." link found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.
- b) **CR** is the Bris Class Rating measures a horse's actual performance against this competition in a race: the higher the number, the better the horse performed. For more information, please refer to "THE BRIS RACE AND CLASS RATING F.A.Q." link found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.
- **6) Race Type:** tells the conditions for the race. For more information on race conditions, please refer to the "RACE CLASSIFICATIONS" article found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.

7) Bris Pace and Speed Ratings:

- a) **E1** is a pace rating that measures how fast the horse ran from the start to the first call of the race. (2f Pace in sprints, 4f Pace in routes).
- b) **E2** is a pace rating that measures how fast the horse ran from the start to the second call of the race. (4f Pace in sprints, 6f Pace in most routes).
- c) LP is a pace rating that measures how fast the horse ran from the second call of the race to the finish.
- d) **SPD** is the Speed Rating and measures how fast the horse ran the race from start to finish. For more information on Bris Pace and Speed Ratings, please refer to the "BRIS PACE RATING F.A.Q.'S" and the "BRIS SPEED RATING F.A.Q.'S." links found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.

8) Post Position, Placement Throughout the Race, and Finish: Provides information on:

- a) **PP** or the post position the horse had in the starting gate.
- b) The horse's position in the field and lengths behind or in front at the **ST** (start), **1C** (First Call of the race), **2C** (Second Call of the race), and **Str** (Stretch Call of the race),
- c) **FIN** where the horse finished the race and his number of lengths behind or in front at the Finish.
- 9) **Jockey and Weight:** The name of the jockey that rode the horse and the amount of weight the horse carried, including the jockey.

10) Medication, Equipment, and Odds: Provides information on:

- a) The medication the horse was using during the race. L = Lasix, B = Bute.
- b) The equipment the horse was using during the race. $\mathbf{b} = \text{blinkers}$, $\mathbf{f} = \text{front wraps}$.
- c) The final **ODDS** the horse went off at.

11) Top Finishers, Comment, and Number of Starters: Provides information on:

- a) The top three finishers in the race with lengths separating them at the finish. Horses that came back to win their next race are in *italics*. Horses that are in today's race appear in **bold** print. Horses that won their next race and are in today's race will be in *bold italics*.
- b) The comment will tell about the trip the horse had or how he or she ran the race.
- c) The number of starters in the race.

12) Workouts: Provides information on:

- a) The date of the workout. If a appears before the date, that means that the work was a bullet or the fastest at that distance for the day.
- b) The track code for the location of the workout. For a list of corresponding track codes, please refer to the "TRACK CODES AND REPORT AVAILABILITY" link found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.
- Condition for a listing of track conditions. If a tr.t appears beside the track name, then the work took place at the training track. O means that the work was on the turf. Some works may occur around "the dogs" (d), a term used to describe the situation where cones are put out on the track to keep horses from working too close to the rail. This most commonly occurs on turf courses that have been saturated with water or turf courses where there has been a lot of wear near the rail and the track attendants try to protect it as much as possible.
- d) The time of the work and how the horse worked. $\mathbf{B} = \text{Breezing}$, $\mathbf{H} = \text{Handily}$. If the horse worked from the gate, it will be denoted with a \mathbf{g} .
- e) The ranking of the workout. If a horse was **53/70**, that means that he ran the 53rd best time of 70 horses that worked at the distance.

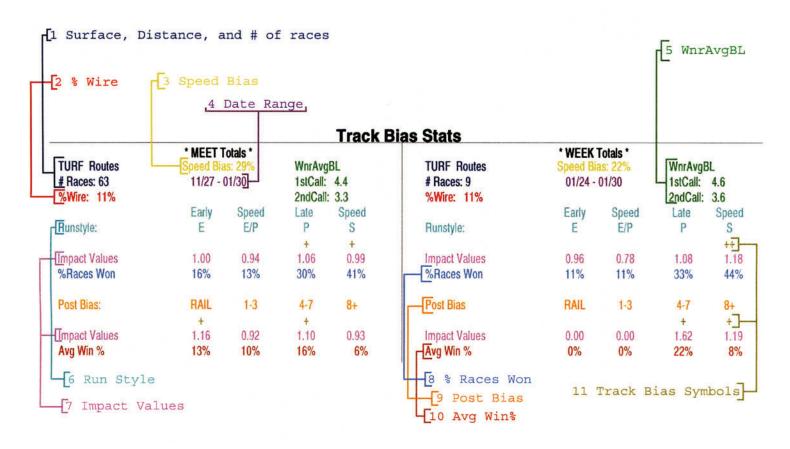
13) BRIS Race Shapes:

BRIS Race Shapes enable the user to quickly determine whether the pace of a race was unusually fast or slow. The Race Shapes measure how fast the leader ran relative to the average leader time for the race's final time.

Two Race Shape values are provided for a race. The first BRIS Race Shape value corresponds to the first call (2f call for most sprints; and 4f call for most routes). The second BRIS Race Shape value corresponds to the second call (4f call for most sprints; and 6f call for most routes). For more information on BRIS Race Shapes, please refer to the "BRIS RACE SHAPES F.A.Q." found in the Library of the Brisnet website



TRACK BIAS EXPLANATION



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TRACK BIAS EXPLANATION

- 1) Surface, Distance, and # of Races: Provides information on the total number of races run at today's distance and surface. If there is an insufficient number of races in the database for the exact distance of today's race, the distance category (sprint or route) will be displayed instead.
- 2) % Wire: Provides information on the percentage of races won in wire-to-wire fashion at this distance and surface.
- 3) Speed Bias: The percentage of races won by horses exhibiting either an E or E/P running style.
- 4) Date Range: The date range of the statistics included.
- 5) WnrAvgBl: The eventual winner's average beaten lengths at the 1stCall (first call) of the race and the 2ndCall (second call) of the race.

6) Runstyle:

- a) **E** (**Early**) = A horse that exhibits this run style is one typically vies for the early lead or whose best races are run on the lead. Most horses in this category to not successfully rate behind a pace setter.
- b) **E/P** (**Early/Presser**) = A horse that exhibits this run style is one that runs second or third within a few lengths of the lead early before trying to run down the leader. An "E/P" horse, just like an "E" horse, may run on the front end but, unlike an "E" horse, it can be expected to successfully rate behind a pace setter.
- c) **P**(**Presser**) = A horse that exhibits this run style is one that runs in the middle-of-the-pack early before trying to run down the leader. A "P" horse may at times run close to the lead but rarely, if ever, challenges for the lead early. Unlike and "S" horse, the "P" horse doesn't typically run from the rear of the pack in its better races.
- d) **S** (**Sustain or Closer**) = A horse that exhibits this run style is one that runs in the back of the pack early before trying to run down the leader.
- e) **NA** (**Not Available**) = A horse that is a first time starter or who hasn't had enough meaningful running lines to accurately assess the horse's preferred run style.
- 7) **Impact Value:** The BRIS Impact Value mathematically represents the effectiveness of a Running Style or Post Position at a specific track/distance. The average Impact Value of all starts is 1.00 and the higher the number, the better.
 - a) **Example #1:** Impact Value: 0.50 means that the run style or post position won only 1/2 its rightful share of races or only 50% of the expected number of wins.
 - b) **Example #2:** Impact Value 1.50 means that the run style or post position won 1 1/2 times its rightful share of races or won 150% of the expected number of wins.

Note: The average Impact Value of all Run Styles and Post Positions may not equal 1.00 due to the fact that each Run Style/Post Position category may not have the same number of starts.

8) % Races Won: Provided for each Running Style, this represents the percentage of races won by each run style.

9) Post Bias:

- a) RAIL: Post Position #1
- b) **1-3:** Post Positions #1, #2, #3
- c) **4-7:** Post Positions #4, #5, #6, #7
- d) **8+:** Post Positions #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, etc.
- 10) Avg Win %: The average win percentage for the pertinent post position category.

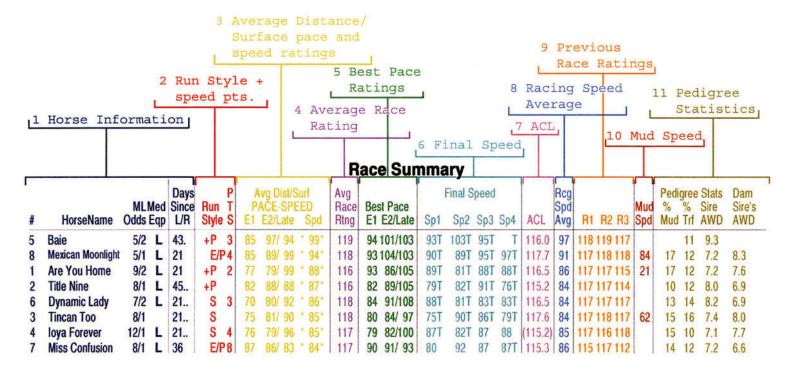
Note: The win percentage will not total 100% because the stats given are averages of post position groups.

11) Track Bias Symbols:

- a) += A favorable post position/run style for this track/distance which is relative to the other post positions/running styles. Displayed above the Impact Value when appropriate, the single plus (+) provides a quick and easy means to identify a favorable post position/run style based on Impact Value or percentage of races won.
- b) ++ = The best or most successful run style for this track/distance. Displayed above the Impact Value when appropriate, the double plus (++) provides a quick and easy means to identify the dominant/most successful runstyle based on Impact Value and percentage of races won.



RACE SUMMARY EXPLANATION



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ULTIMATE RACE SUMMARY EXPLANATION

NOTE: Horses are ranked in the Race Summary by their Avg Dist/Surf speed rating. If this area is blank, then the order of ranking is random.

- 1) Horse Information: Provides information on:
 - a) # The program number of the horse
 - b) Horse Name The name of the horse
 - c) ML Odds The morning line odds for the horse established by the race track.
 - d) Med/Eqp The medication and/or equipment the horse will be using today. L = Lasix, b = blinkers
 - e) **Days Since L/R** Days Since Last Race. One dot after this stat indicates that his last race was the horse's first start off of a layoff. Two dots indicate that his last race was the horse's second start off of a layoff.
- 2) Run Style & PTS: Provides information on:
 - a) The run style of the horse. E = Early, E/P = Eariy/Presser, P = Presser, S = Sustained or closer. For more information on run styles, refer to the "ULTIMATE PP EXPLANATION" or the 'TRACK BIAS EXPLANATION".
 - b) **PTS** or Early Speed Points. The numbers range from 0-8 and measure the Early Speed ability of the horse based on its running position and beaten lengths at the first call of recent races. The higher the number, the more early speed a horse has shown in recent races.

NOTE: A + (plus sign) indicates that this is a favorable running style for this race. A ++ (double plus sign) indicates that this is the best or most dominant running style for this race. For more information on the + and ++, please refer to the "TRACK BIAS EXPLANATION".

- 3) Avg Dist/Surf: Average speed and pace ratings for the horse specific to today's distance and surface category.
 - a) **El** The average pace rating for the horse from the start to the first call of the race for today's distance and surface category.
 - b) E2 The average pace rating for the horse from the start to the second call of the race for today's distance and surface category.
 - c) Late The average pace rating for the horse from the second call of the race to the finish for today's distance and surface category.
 - d) SPD The average BRIS speed rating for the horse at today's distance and surface category.

NOTE: Speed ratings surrounded by asterisks indicate that two or more races occurred at or near today's distance and surface within the last 90 days and are included in the average. Parentheses indicate that the race used occurred more than 90 days ago. If there are no asterisks or parentheses, there was only one race in the last 90 days at or near today's distance and surface category and the pace and speed ratings are for that race.

- 4) Avg Race Rtng: An average of a horse's most recent Bris Race Ratings at today's distance/surface category. Bris Race Ratings measures how strong a field was not on the race classification but on the actual horses that raced. The higher the number is, the better the quality of the field the horse faced. For more information please refer to the "BRIS CLASS AND RACE RATING FAQ" found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.
- 5) Best Pace: The best El pace figure, best E2 pace figure, and best LP pace figure earned by the horse for today's distance and surface category within a one year period. For more information on pace figures, please refer to the "ULTIMATE PAST PERFORMANCE EXPLANATION".
- 6) **Final Speed:** The Final Speed shows the horse's final speed figure for the last four races back, starting with the most recent. Any speed ratings earned at today's distance/surface category will have a dot after the rating. Turf races are indicated with a "T".
- 7) ACL: The Average Competitive Level is a rating based on the Race Ratings when finishing in the money. Parentheses indicate a rating that was not at today's distance and surface. For a detailed explanation of the ACL, please refer to the "AVERAGE COMPETITIVE LEVEL" article found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.
- 8) Reg Spd Avg: Racing Speed Average is an average of the speed ratings earned by a horse over the course of its last three starts.
- 9) Previous Race Ratings: This is the race rating for the horse's three previous races. Rl is the first race back, R2 is the second race back, and R3 is the third race back.

- **10) Mud Spd:** The best BRIS speed rating a horse has earned over a muddy/sloppy track.
- 11) Pedigree Statistics: Provides Information on:
 - a) Mud Sts This is the number of all starts that progeny of the sire have made on off tracks. (This statistic is shown on all races except for two-year-old, maiden, and turf races.)
 - b) % Mud This is the percentage of wins from starts that the sire's progeny have over off tracks.
 - c) % 1st This is the percentage of the sire's progeny that win when making their first career start. (This statistic is shown on two-year-old and maiden races only.)
 - d) SPI The Sire Production Index compares the earnings of this sire's offspring with the average earnings of the offspring of all North American sires. The average is established at 1.00 so if a sire's spi is 2.00 this means that his offspring's average earnings are twice the national average. (This statistic appears on two-year-old and maiden races only).
 - e) **DPI** The Dam Production Index compares the earnings of this dam's produce with the average earnings of the produce of all North American broodmares. The average is established as 1.00 so if a dam's dpi is 2.00 this means that her produce average earnings are twice the national average. (This statistic appears on two-year-old and maiden races only).
 - f) %Trf This is the percentage of wins from starts the sire's progeny have on the turf. (This statistic appears on turf races only.)
 - g) Sire AWD The average winning distance of the sire's offspring represented in furlongs.
 - h) Dam Sire's AWD The average winning distance of the sire's offspring represented in furlongs.

Speed Last Race: The speed figure earned by each horse in their last start, regardless of distance or surface.

Back Speed: The best speed figure earned by each horse within the last year at today's distance/surface category.

Current Class: A rating based on a horse's most recent starts with more emphasis on the most recent starts at or near today's distance and surface.

Average Class Last 3: An average of the Bris Class Rating for the last three starts regardless of distance and surface. For more information, please refer to the "BRIS CLASS AND RACE RATING FAQ" found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.

Prime Power: A number that measures the quality of each horse's most recent starts by combining dozens of handicapping factors into one easy-to-use rating. Speed, class, pace, form, weight, and many more factors are combined by a sophisticated algorithm to form this rating. For more information on Prime Power, please refer to the article "PRIME POWER - USING OUR BEST RATING" found in the Library of the Brisnet web site.

Early Pace Last Race: The early pace rating earned by each horse in its last start, regardless of distance or surface. If the last race was a sprint, the number will be the E2 pace rating and if it was a route, it will be the El pace rating.

Late Pace Last Race: The late pace rating earned by each horse in its last start, regardless of distance or surface.